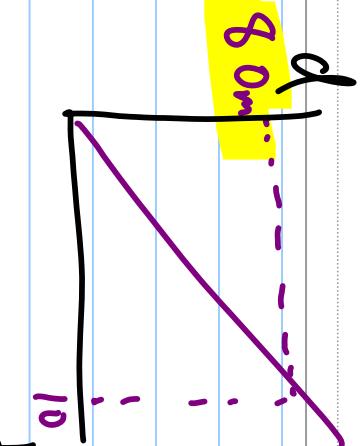
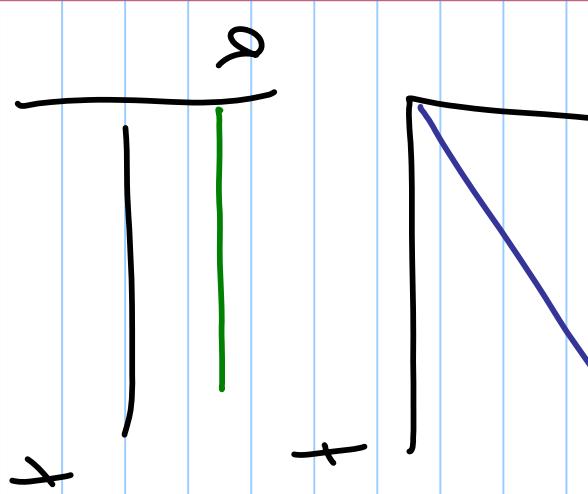
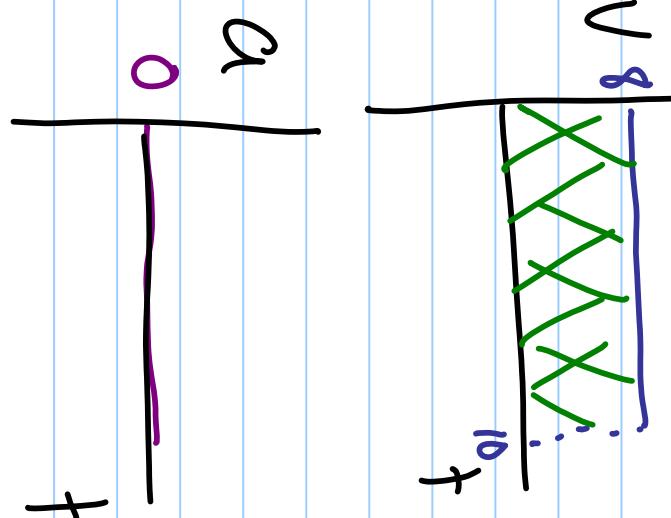


μ



80m

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= l \times w \\ &= 8 \times 10 \\ &= 80 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$



$+t$

a

$+t$

a

0

$+t$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad V = 220 \text{ km/h} \div 3.6 = 61.1 \text{ m/s}$$

$$V_0 = 0$$

$$a = 6 \cdot 0 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$d = ?$$



+

$$d = \frac{V^2 - V_0^2}{2a}$$

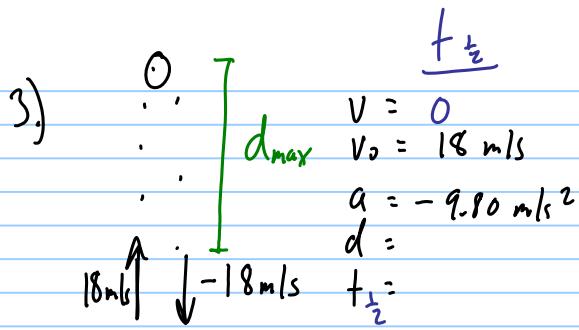
$$= \frac{(61.1)^2 - (0)^2}{2(6)}$$

$$= \boxed{310 \text{ m}}$$

$$\text{a.) } V^2 = V_0^2 + 2ad$$

$$\text{b.) } V = V_0 + at$$

$$t = \frac{V - V_0}{a} = \frac{61.1 - 0}{6.0} = \boxed{10.2 \text{ s}}$$



a.) $v = v_0 + at_{\frac{1}{2}}$ $t_{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{v - v_0}{a} = \frac{0 - 18 \text{ m/s}}{-9.80 \text{ m/s}^2}$
 $= 1.836 \text{ s}$

$t_{\text{total}} = 2(t_{\frac{1}{2}}) = \boxed{3.7 \text{ s}}$

b.) $v^2 = v_0^2 + 2ad$ $d = \frac{v^2 - v_0^2}{2a} = \frac{0^2 - (18)^2}{2(-9.80)}$
 $= \boxed{17 \text{ m}}$

c.)

$v = ?$
 $v_0 = 18 \text{ m/s}$
 $a = -9.80 \text{ m/s}^2$
 $d = 12 \text{ m}$
 $t =$

$v^2 = v_0^2 + 2ad$
 $v = \sqrt{v_0^2 + 2ad} = \sqrt{(18)^2 + 2(-9.80)(12)}$
 $= \pm 9.42 \text{ m/s}$

$v = +9.42 \text{ m/s}$

$v_0 = 18 \text{ m/s}$

$a = -9.80 \text{ m/s}^2$

$t = ?$

$v = v_0 + at$

$t = \frac{v - v_0}{a}$

$= \frac{9.42 - 18}{-9.80} = \boxed{0.88 \text{ s}}$

$v = -9.42 \text{ m/s}$

$v_0 = 18 \text{ m/s}$

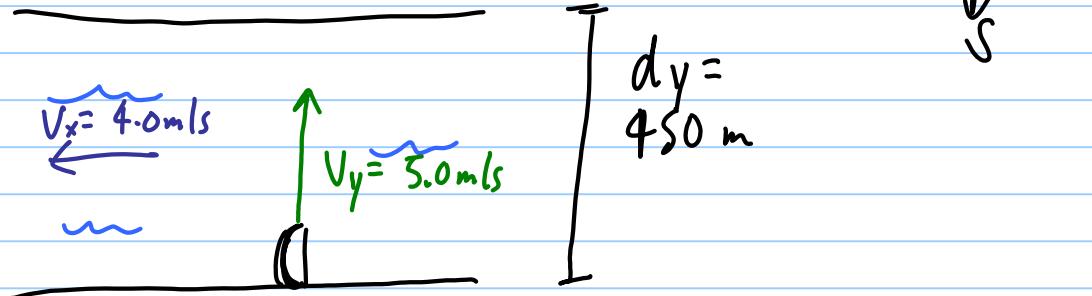
$a = -9.80 \text{ m/s}^2$

$t = \frac{v - v_0}{a}$

$= \frac{-9.42 - 18}{-9.80}$

$\boxed{= 2.80 \text{ s}}$

4)

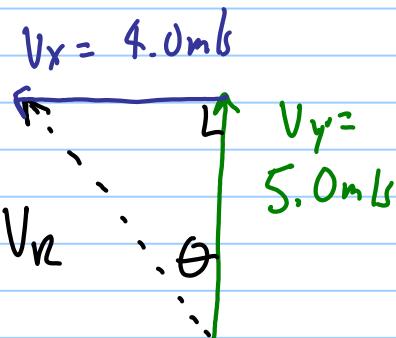


a.

$$V_y = \frac{d_y}{t} \quad t = \frac{d_y}{V_y} = \frac{450 \text{ m}}{5.0 \text{ m/s}} = \boxed{90.5}$$

1

b.



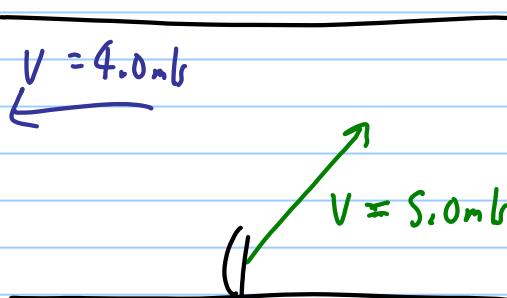
$$\begin{aligned} V_R^2 &= V_x^2 + V_y^2 \\ V_R &= \sqrt{5.0^2 + 4.0^2} \\ &= \underline{\underline{6.4 \text{ m/s}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{V_x}{V_y}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4.0}{5.0}\right)$$

39° W of N

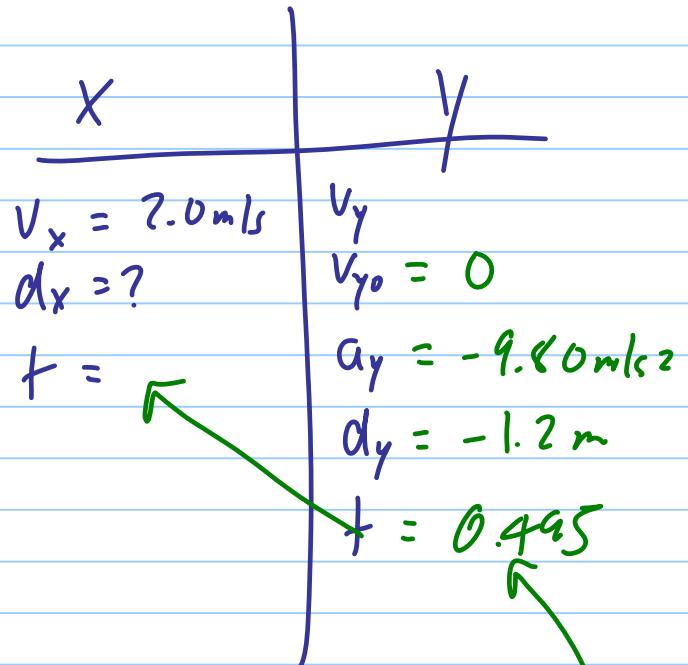
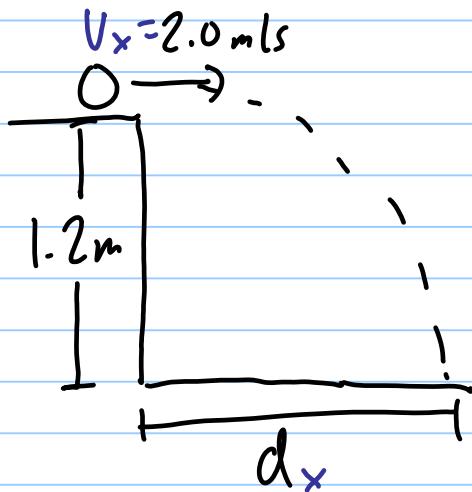
c.)



$$\sin \theta = \frac{4.0}{5.0}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{4.0}{5.0}\right) \\ &= \underline{\underline{53^\circ E of N}} \end{aligned}$$

5.)



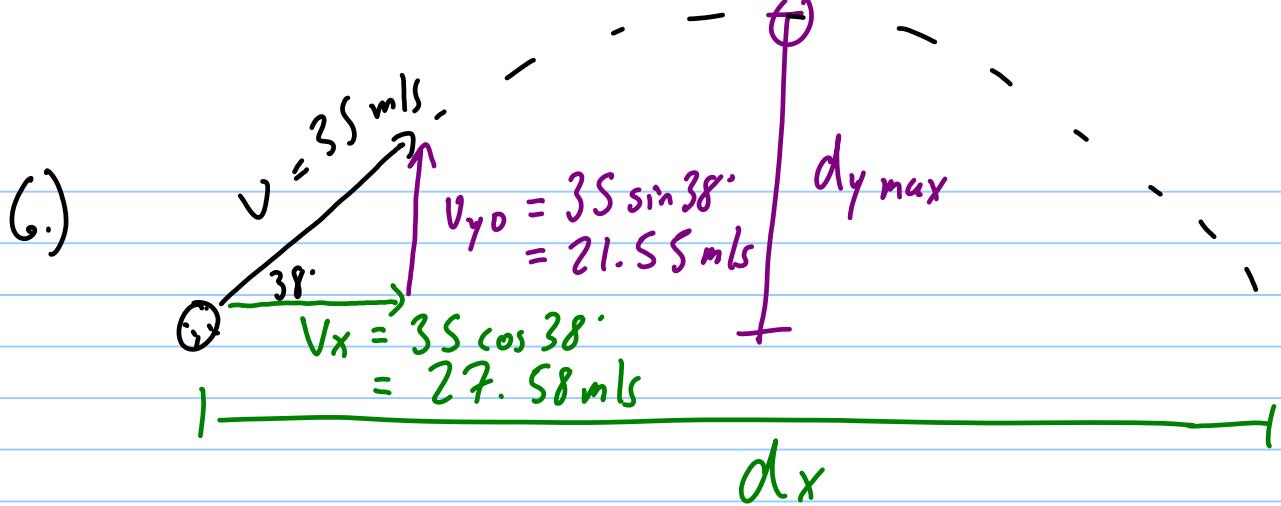
$$V_x = \frac{d_x}{t}$$

$$\begin{aligned} d_x &= V_x \cdot t \\ &= (2.0 \text{ m/s})(0.495) \\ &= \boxed{0.99 \text{ m}} \end{aligned}$$

$$d = v_0 t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$d = \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} t &= \sqrt{\frac{2d}{a}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{2(-1.2)}{-9.80}} \\ &= \underline{\underline{0.495 \text{ s}}} \end{aligned}$$



X

$V_x = 27.58$

$d_x = ?$

$t = 4.40 \text{ s}$

$y @ t_{\frac{1}{2}}$

$V_y = 0$

$V_{y0} = 21.55 \text{ m/s}$

$a_y = -9.80 \text{ m/s}^2$

$d_y =$

$t_{\frac{1}{2}} =$

$V = V_0 + a t_{\frac{1}{2}}$

$t_{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{V - V_0}{a}$

$= \frac{0 - 21.55}{-9.80}$

$= 2.20 \text{ s}$

$v_x = \frac{d_x}{t}$

$d_x = V_x \cdot t$

$= (27.58)(4.40)$

$= \boxed{120 \text{ m}}$

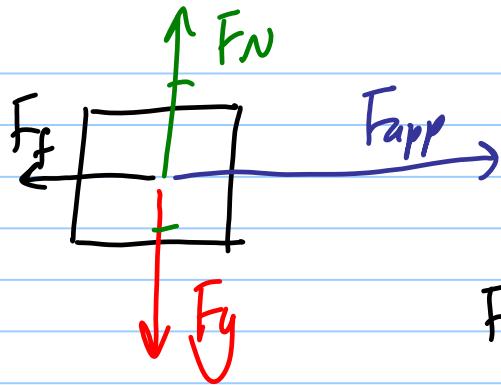
$t_{\text{total}} = 2(t_{\frac{1}{2}}) = \underline{4.40 \text{ s}}$

b) $V^2 = V_0^2 + 2ad$

$d = \frac{V^2 - V_0^2}{2a} = -\frac{(21.55)^2}{2(-9.80)}$

$= \boxed{24 \text{ m}}$

7.)



$$F_{net} = \boxed{F_{app} - F_f = ma}$$

$$F_f = F_{app} - ma$$

$$= 9600N - (1100kg)(8,0m/s^2)$$

$$= \boxed{800N}$$

g)



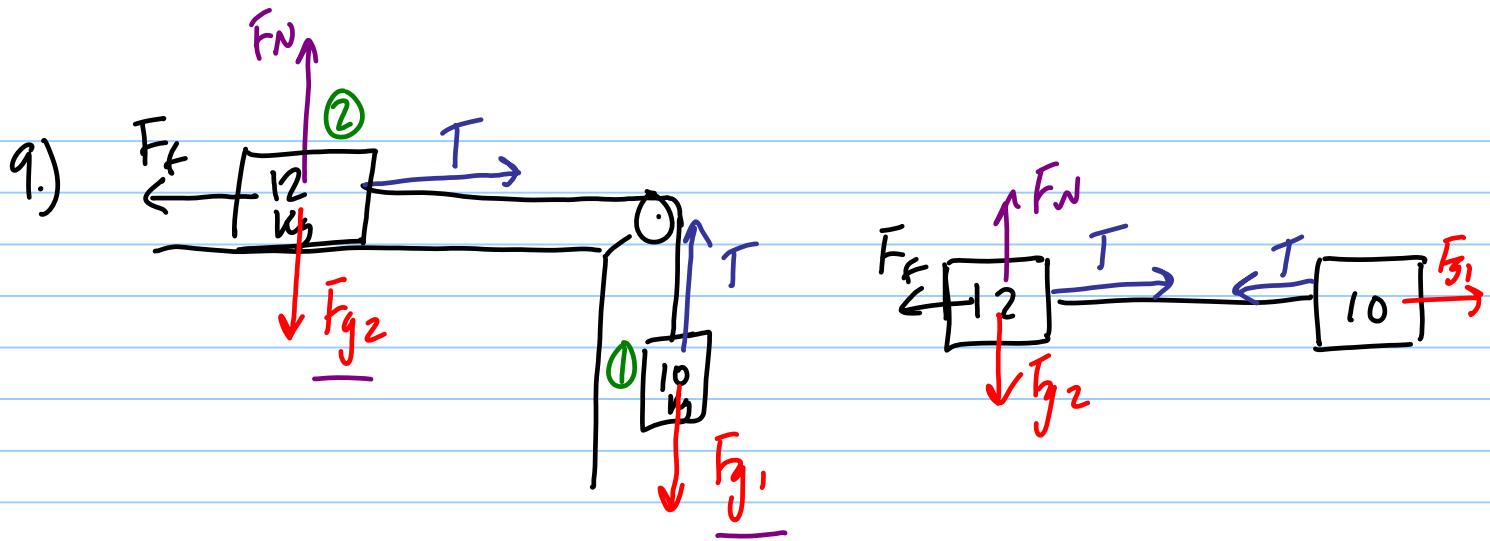
$$F_{net} = F_{app} - F_g = ma$$

$$F_{app} = F_g + ma$$

$$= mg + ma$$

$$= (5.0 \text{ kg})(9.80 \text{ m/s}^2) + (5.0 \text{ kg})(15 \text{ m/s}^2)$$

$$= \boxed{124 \text{ N}}$$

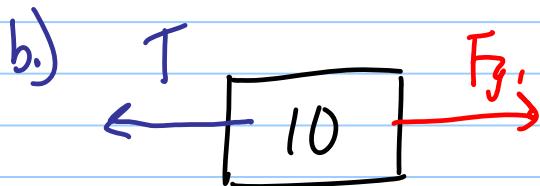


$$\begin{aligned} a) \quad F_{\text{net}} &= F_{g1} + \cancel{T} - \cancel{T} - F_f \\ &= F_{g1} - F_f = m_1 a \end{aligned}$$

$$a = \frac{F_{g1} - F_f}{m_1}$$

$$= \frac{98N - 45N}{(10+12)}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{2.41 \text{ m/s}^2 \text{ right}}}$$

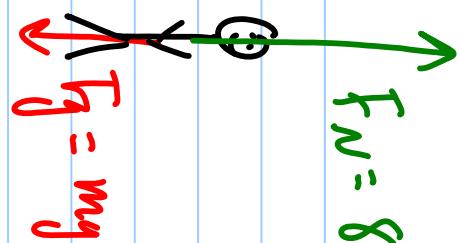


$$F_{\text{net}} = F_{g1} - T = m_1 a$$

$$\begin{aligned} T &= F_{g1} - m_1 a = 98N - (10)(2.41) \\ &= \underline{\underline{73.9N}} \end{aligned}$$

(0)

$$F_N = 820 \text{ N}$$



$$F_{\mu k} = F_N - F_g = m a$$

$$F_g = m g = 637 \text{ N}$$

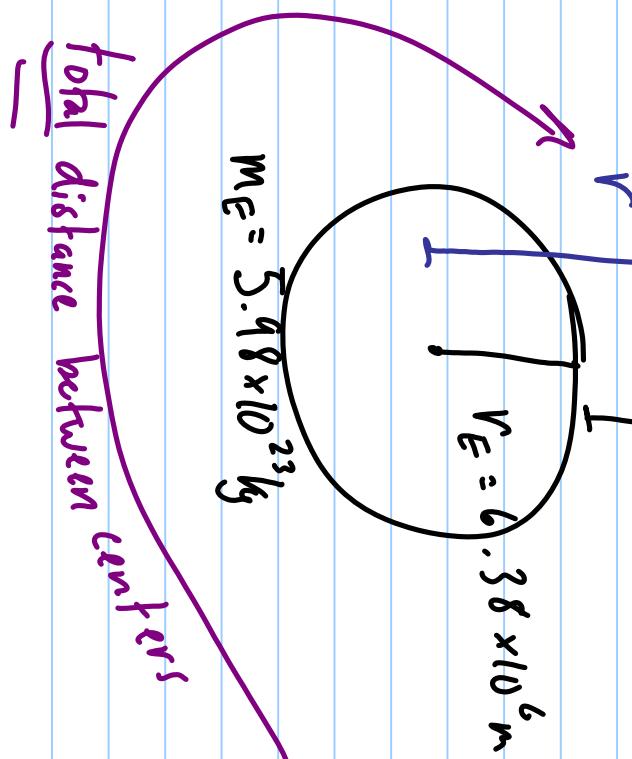
$$a = \frac{F_N - F_g}{m}$$

$$= \frac{820 - 637}{65} =$$

$$= 2 \cdot 81 \text{ m/s}^2$$

11.)

DATA
 $3.0 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$



$$\begin{aligned} F_g &= \frac{G Mm}{r^2} \\ &= \frac{(6.67 \times 10^{-11})(5.98 \times 10^{23})(3.00)}{(6.38 \times 10^6 + 3.00 \times 10^6)^2} \\ &= [1590 \text{ N}] \end{aligned}$$

don't forget this!

total distance between centers

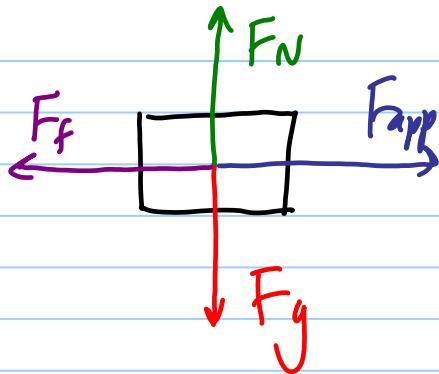
12.)

$$g = \frac{GM}{r^2} = \frac{(6.67 \times 10^{-11})(8.00 \times 10^{24})}{(7.1 \times 10^6)^2}$$
$$= 10.6 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{kg}} \text{ or } \text{m/s}^2$$

Remember:

Gravitational Field Strength \equiv Acceleration Due to Gravity

(3.)



const v $\therefore a = 0$

$$\begin{aligned}F_{app} &= F_f & F_N &= F_g = mg \\&= 750N & &= (1200)(9.80) \\& & &= 11760N\end{aligned}$$

$$F_f = \mu F_N$$

$$\mu = \frac{F_f}{F_N} = \frac{750N}{11760N} = \boxed{0.064}$$

(4.)

$$\rho = mv = (90.0 \text{ kg})(12.0 \text{ m/s}) \\ = 1080 \text{ kg/m/s}$$

15.)

$$V_i = 20 \text{ m/s}$$

$$m = 0.100 \text{ kg}$$

$$V_f = -30 \text{ m/s}$$

don't forget!

a.) $\Delta p = m \Delta v = m(v_f - v_i) = (0.100 \text{ kg})(-30 \text{ m/s} - 20 \text{ m/s})$

$$= -5.0 \text{ kg m/s} \quad \text{or} \quad 5.0 \text{ kg m/s backwards}$$

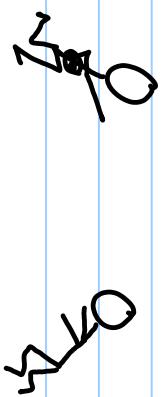
b.) Impulses must be equal and opposite

$$\therefore \Delta p_{\text{racket}} = -\Delta p_{\text{ball}} = \underline{\underline{5.0 \text{ kg m/s}}}$$

c.) $\Delta p = F_{\text{net}} t$ $F_{\text{net}} = \frac{\Delta p}{t} = \frac{5.0 \text{ kg m/s}}{0.010 \text{ s}} = \boxed{\underline{\underline{100 \text{ N}}}}$

(b.)

Before



$$m_1 = 95 \text{ kg} \quad m_2 = 115 \text{ kg}$$

$$V_{1i} = 12.0 \text{ m/s} \quad V_{2i} = -9.0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$M_t = 210 \text{ kg}$$

$$V_f =$$

AHA!



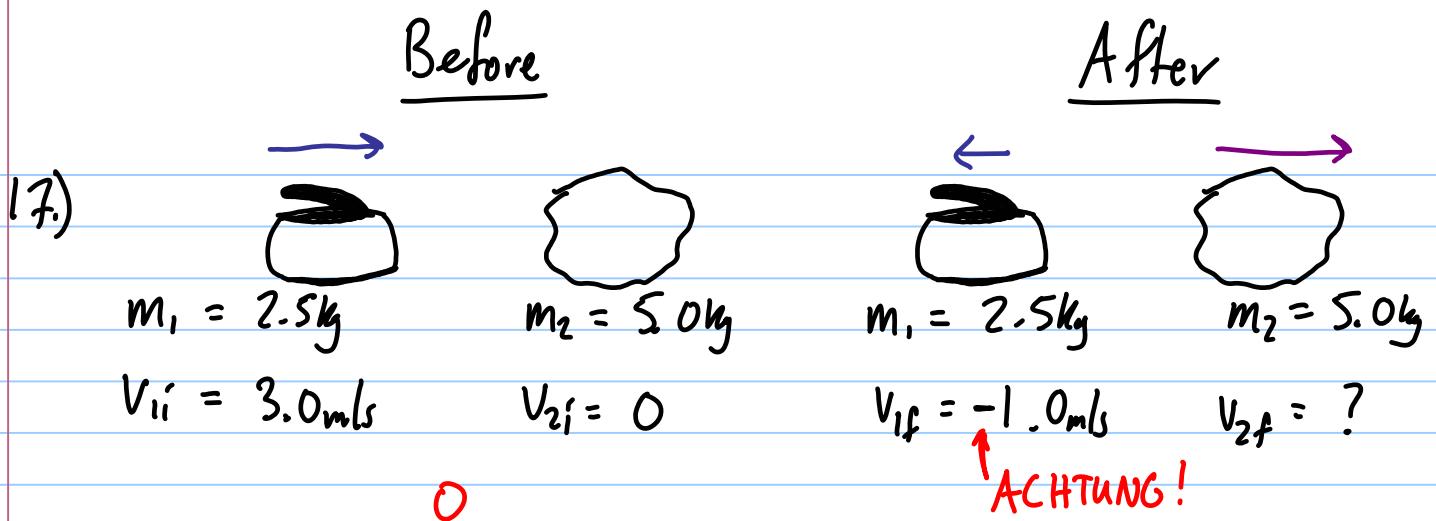
After

$$m_1 V_{1i} + m_2 V_{2i} = M_t V_f$$

$$V_f = \frac{m_1 V_{1i} + m_2 V_{2i}}{M_t} = \frac{(95)(12.0) + (115)(-9.0)}{210}$$

$$= 0.50 \text{ m/s East}$$

Answer is positive so

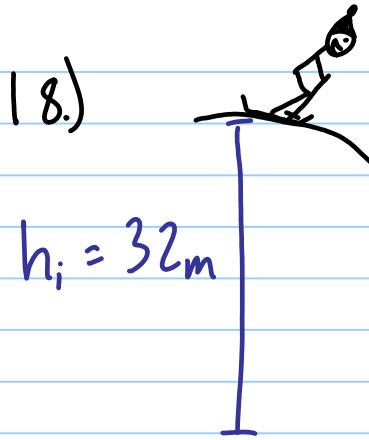


$$m_1 v_{1i} + m_2 v_{2i} = m_1 v_{1f} + m_2 v_{2f}$$

$$m_1 v_{1i} = m_1 v_{1f} + m_2 v_{2f}$$

$$v_{2f} = \frac{m_1 v_{1i} - m_1 v_{1f}}{m_2} = \frac{(2.5)(3.0) - (2.5)(-1.0)}{5.0}$$

$$= \boxed{2.0 \text{ m/s}}$$



a) $E_{K_i}^0 + E_{P_i}^0 = E_{K_f}^0 + E_{P_f}^0$

$$E_{P_i} = E_{K_f}$$

$$E_{K_f} = mgh_i = (55)(9.80)(32) \\ = 17200\text{J}$$

b.) $E_K = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$

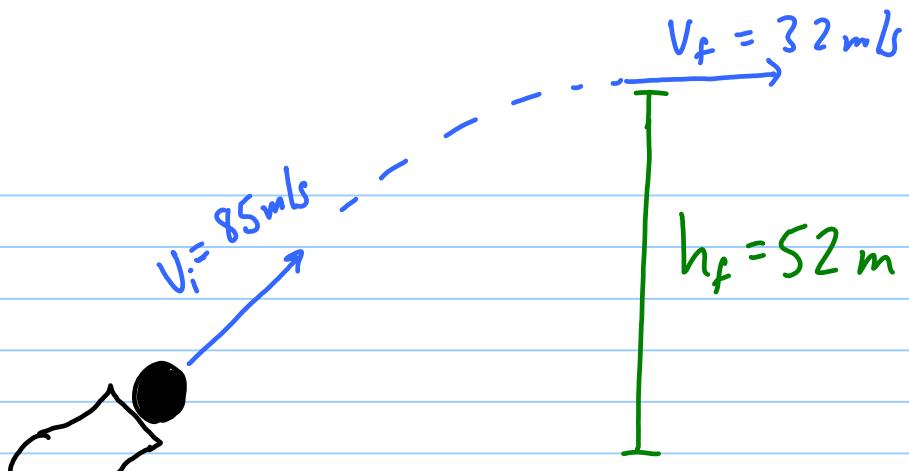
$$v = \sqrt{\frac{2E_K}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{2(17200)}{55}} = \boxed{25\text{ m/s}}$$

c.) $E_{K_f} = E_{P_i}$

$$\frac{1}{2}mv_f^2 = mgh_i$$

$$v_f = \sqrt{2gh_i} = \boxed{25\text{ m/s}} \quad \text{Yowsa!}$$

19.)



Note:
This is not a projectile problem because we are generating heat due to air friction!

a.) $E_{K_i} + E_{p_i}^0 = E_{K_f} + E_{p_f} + E_H$

$$\begin{aligned}
 E_H &= E_{K_i} - E_{K_f} - E_{p_f} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2}mv_i^2 - \frac{1}{2}mv_f^2 - mgh_f \\
 &= \frac{1}{2}(9.0)(85)^2 - \frac{1}{2}(9.0)(32)^2 - (9.0)(9.80)(52) \\
 &= \boxed{23300 \text{ J}}
 \end{aligned}$$

b.) $E_H = mc\Delta T$

$$\Delta T = \frac{E_H}{mc} = \frac{23300}{(9.0)(130)} = 20.^\circ C$$

$$\Delta T = T_f - T_i \quad T_f = T_i + \Delta T = \boxed{41^\circ C}$$